

FERTILITY ACRONYMS & ABBREVIATIONS

COMMON CLINICAL TERMS

Beta - bhCG is a hormone level monitored to see how pregnancy is progressing in early stages.

MF - male factor infertility, determined by semen analysis.

E2 -estradiol, levels of estrogen directly relate to number of follicles (eggs) and sizes in your ovaries.

P4 - progesterone helps determine if/when ovulation occurred, if pregnancy is progressing properly.

LH - luteinizing hormone "LH surge" triggers ovulation.

SI - secondary infertility, difficulty achieving pregnancy after having a child without fertility treatment.

IUI - intrauterine insemination, placing sperm inside the uterus making a shorter trip for the sperm to reach the egg.

IVF - in vitro fertilization, assisting reproduction by creating an embryo using sperm and an egg to transfer into a woman's uterus with hopes implantation will occur leading to a healthy pregnancy and successful outcome.

2WW - two-week wait, is the timeframe it takes to find out whether implantation occurs leading to pregnancy.

COMMONLY USED ONLINE

BCP - birth control pill

BFN - big fat negative

BFP - big fat positive

CD - cycle day

DPO - days past ovulation

FMU - first morning urine

HPT - home pregnancy test

OPK - ovulation predictor kit

SA - semen analysis

CM - cervical mucus

FET - frozen embryo transfer

LSP - low sperm count

LMP - last menstrual period (first day)

POAS - pee on a stick

RE - reproductive endocrinologist

RPL - recurrent pregnancy loss

POF - premature ovarian failure

HSG - hysterosalpingogram

ICSI - intracytoplasmic sperm injection

LO - left ovary

RO - right ovary

OHSS - ovarian hyperstimulation syndrome

WFP - wait for period

WIC - where in cycle

SA - semen analysis

CM - cervical mucus

FSBU - frozen sperm back up

ET - embryo transfer

DPT - days post transfer

DS - donor sperm

ART - assisted reproductive technology

OI - ovulation induction

